



Understanding Parkinson's and Mental Health in the Veteran Community

April 28, 2022



VA



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Parkinson's Foundation Veterans Survey

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Parkinson's Foundation



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Informing Research

- Driven by the experiences of people with Parkinson's disease and their care partners
- Real experiences directly influencing research
- Previous focus areas: Telehealth, Care Access, COVID, Exercise



Getting Engaged

- Your Parkinson's experience matters and informs research
- Join the Parkinson's Foundation Surveys to make sure your voice is heard
- Sign up here: redcap.link/pfsurveys



The Why

- More than 19 million veterans in US; less than half receive care through VHA.
- Approximately 110,00 Veterans with Parkinson's disease receive some care through VHA.
- Interest in understanding health status, demographics, and health care usage of veteran's living with PD including those who received care within and outside the VHA.
- Important to understand how and what areas of care can be improved to provide the best possible care for veterans living with PD.



Calls to Action

- Getting referrals for mental health early is vital for veterans living with PD
- Educating veterans with PD on the type of care they can receive and are eligible for, whether that be through the VHA or not, is crucial
- Findings highlight importance of targeted educational outreach about care best practices for Veterans living with PD beyond VHA's current reach as well as the importance of access to good mental health resources

Research into Action-- Today's Webinar

- Understand and educate veterans with PD community on:
 - ❖ Mental health and symptoms
 - ❖ How to recognize symptoms
 - ❖ Where to go for treatment and support
 - ❖ Why it is so important to talk to one's provider
 - ❖ Awareness of resources in and outside VA

How Veterans with Parkinson's Can Recognize and Manage Common Mental Health Issues

Laura Marsh, MD

Executive Director, Mental Health Care Line, Michael E. DeBakey Veteran Affairs Medical Center
Professor of Psychiatry and Neurology, Baylor College of Medicine



Outline



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- Recognition of Mental Health Symptoms in the Context of PD
- Treatment Approaches and Options
- Communication with Your Clinical Team
 - VA-specific resources

Recognition of Mental Health (MH) Symptoms in the Context of PD

- Context of MH symptoms in PD
- Common MH conditions in PD and their features

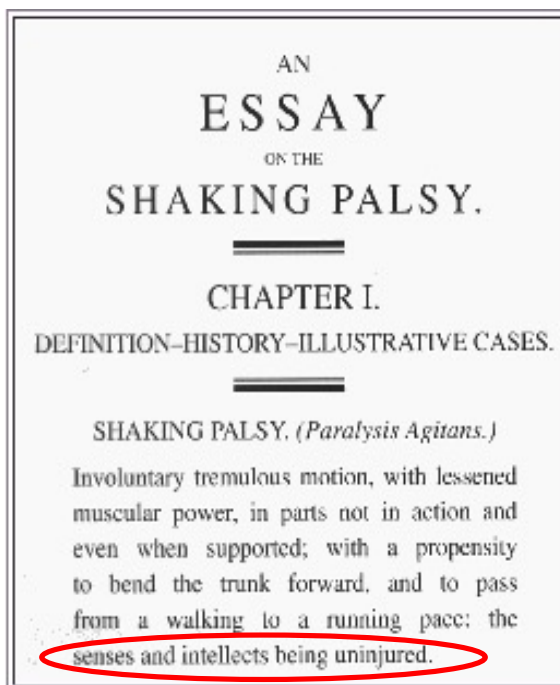
Mental Health and PD



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- Initially, MH symptoms not recognized as part of PD
- The traditional view of PD did *not* match the lived experience
- Progressive increase in attention to the mental health aspects of PD



Mental Health Symptoms Prior to PD Diagnosis



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Depression

- On average, precedes PD by 4 to 6 years¹

Anxiety

- Symptoms often coincide with PD onset⁵
- Anxiety disorders present \leq 20 years before motor signs
 - Associated with eventual development of PD³
- 12-year follow-up of 35,000 men:
 - High anxiety, anxiolytic use ~ increase relative risk of PD³

¹Gonera et al 1997, ²Shiba et al 2000; ³Weisskopf et al 2002; ⁴Williams et al. 2009; ⁵Ishihara and Brayne 2006

Mental Health Symptoms at Time of PD Diagnosis



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Initial Symptom (n=183)

Reported

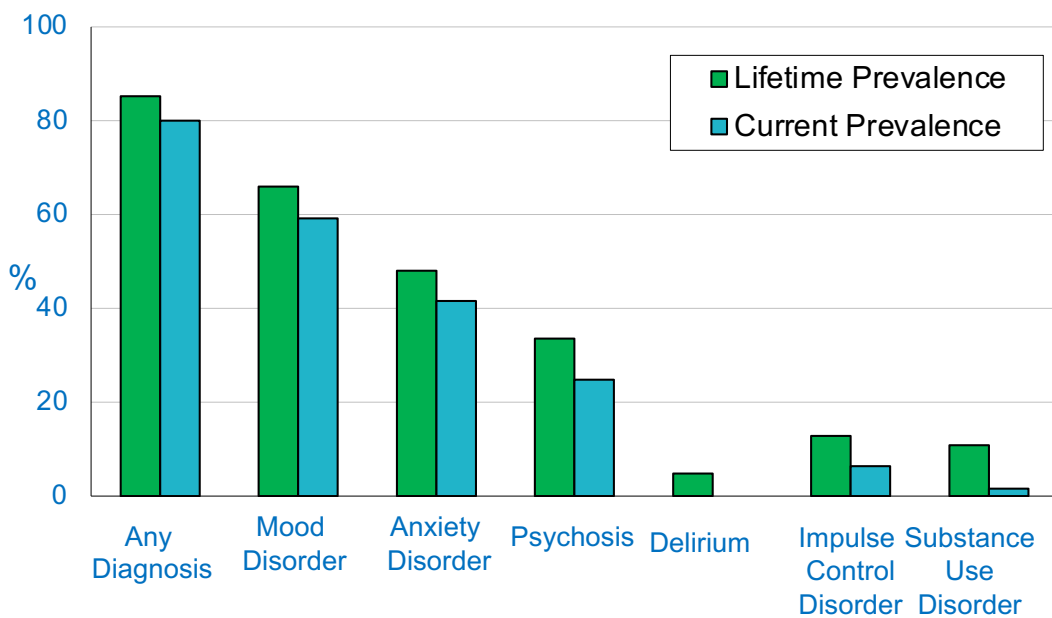
Tremor	129 (70%)
Gait disturbance	21
Stiffness	18
Slowness	18
Muscle pain, cramps, aching	15
Loss of dexterity	14
Handwriting disturbance	9
Depression, nervousness	8
Speech disturbance	7
General fatigue, muscle weakness	5
Drooling	3
Loss of arm swing	3
Facial masking	3

Yahr, 1967

Common Psychiatric Diagnoses in PD



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(Mood-PD Study, n=250, MMSE>23)

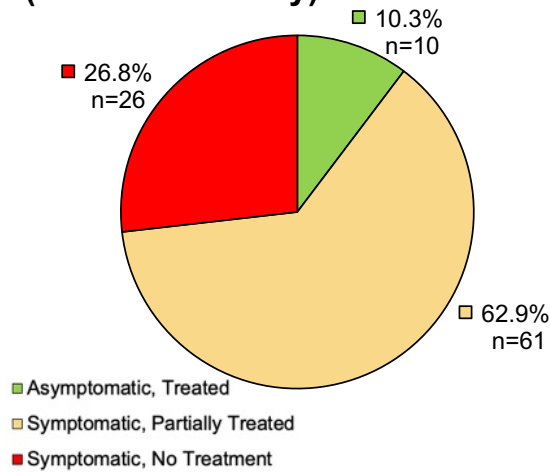
MH Issues are Undertreated



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Major Depression, n=97 (MOOD-PD Study)



Current symptomatic major depressive episode (n=86)
Duration = 182.4 (218.8) weeks
Range 2-1612 weeks. Median 104 weeks.

The Impact of Untreated MH Symptoms

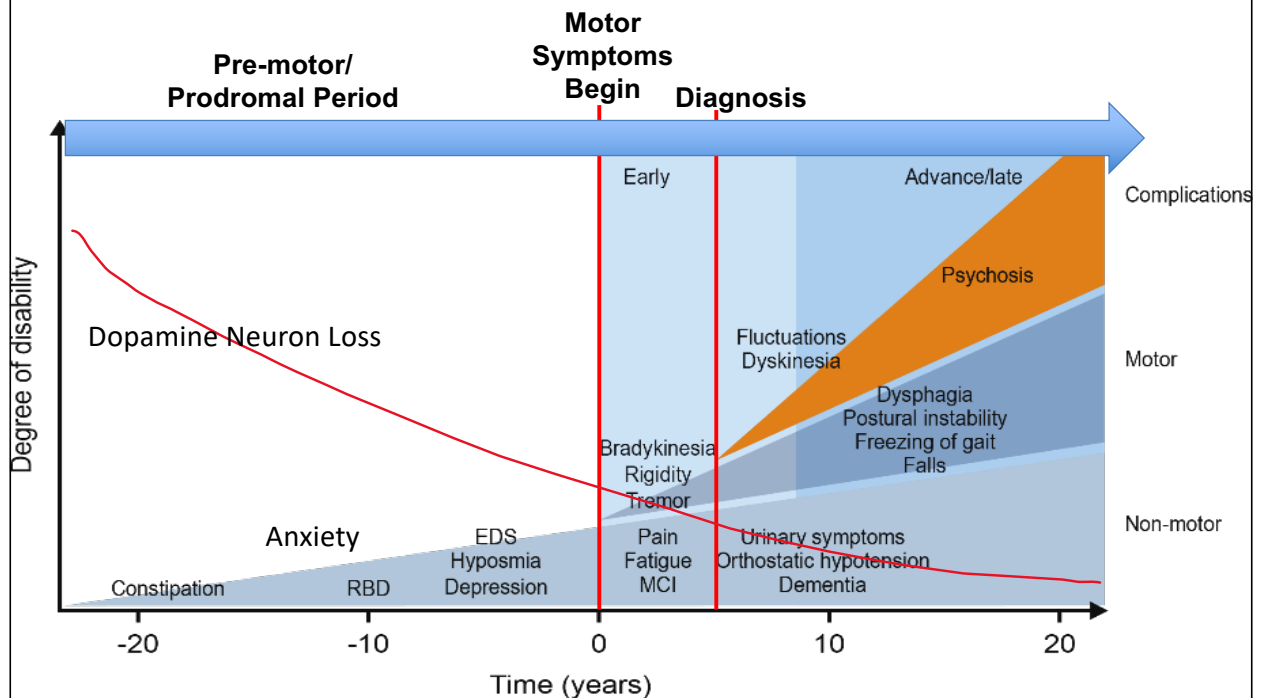
- Greater negative effect on Quality of Life (compared to motor symptoms)
- Aggravates:
 - Motor and cognitive deficits
 - Disability over course of PD
 - Other co-morbid medical and psychiatric conditions
 - Economic strain
 - Caregiving distress
 - Suffering

Palanci et al. 2009; Burn DJ, 2002

Motor and Non-Motor Symptoms Over PD Course



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Aarsland D, et al. *Int J Geriatr Psychiatry* 2001; 16:528-536.; Forsaa et al., 2010; Connolly B, Fox SH. *Neurotherapeutics*. 2014;11(1):78-91.; Fénelon G, et al. *Mov Disord*. 2010;25(6):763-766. ; Kalia LV, Lang AE. *Lancet*. 2015;386(9996):896-912.

Recognizing Depressive Disorders



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Isolated emotions ≠ Mood Disorder

Depressive disorders vary in severity and type

Major depressive episode DSM-V criteria:

Depressed/sad mood
and/or
Decreased interest/pleasure

Features of PD or Depression

- Appetite/weight changes
- Sleep disturbances
- Retardation (slowness)
- Fatigue or loss of energy
- Decreased ability to think or concentrate or indecisiveness

VS

Features of Depression

- Psychomotor agitation
- Feelings of worthlessness/excessive guilt
- Recurrent thoughts of death, suicidal ideation, or suicidal attempt or plan

Palanci et al. 2009

Recognizing Depressive Disorders



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To recognize a depressive disorder, look for the emotional features*

- Persistent sadness
- Decreased interest
- Decreased enjoyment (anhedonia)
- Pessimism
- Hopelessness
- Negative ruminations
- Inappropriate guilt
- Negative view of sense of self
- Morbid and/or suicidal thoughts
- Feeling overwhelmed, anxious, unable to cope
- Irritability

**In mood disorders, emotional features are pervasive or persistent*

The physical symptoms (changes in sleep, appetite, energy level, motor slowness) worsen with active depression, but can be hard to distinguish from changes that occur in PD without depression.

Anxiety Disorders in PD



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- 'Clinically significant'
- **Not understandable reaction PD**
 - Onset before PD diagnosis
- **Occur:**
 - Co-morbid or independent condition with depressive, other MH disorders
 - As secondary anxiety symptoms
 - Consequence of cognitive deficits/impairments
 - Symptoms of a primary depressive disorder
- **Several Types (typical and PD-specific):**
 - Episodic (Panic Disorder)
 - Situational (Phobias)
 - Continuous (Generalized Anxiety, PTSD)
 - PD-Specific (Wearing-off anxiety/panic)

Kummer et al. 2008; Maricle et al. 1995, Witjas et al. 2002, Arabia 2007

Prevalence of Anxiety Disorders in PD



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Category / %	Prior studies	Pontone 2011	Dissanayaka 2010	Leentjens (2011)	Population NEMESIS/ NCS
Panic disorder	13 – 30	5	8	4	1.5/1
Specific Phobia		16	-	-	5.5/5.5
GAD	0 - 40	4	3	21	0.8/1.6
Social phobia	15	7	13	10	3.7/4.5
Agoraphobia	-	1.6	-	16	-/2.3
Post-traumatic stress disorder	-	0	-	-	-
Anxiety Dis NOS	-	22%*	-	11%**	-

*DSM-IV-TR; **Based on NPI anxiety subscale cut-off >3

Distinguishing Features of Anxiety Disorders



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+ Excessive

- Apprehension
- Worry
- Anticipation of the negative
- ***Avoidance***
- Overly-detailed
- Emotional Reactivity
- Fearfulness
- Somatic concerns
- Ruminative

But Not Pervasive

- Guilt
- Sadness
- Decreased self-worth
- Lack of interest
- Morbid thoughts

The above are features of depressive disorders

Apathy



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• Prevalence

- ~30% as a feature of a depressive disorder
- ~10% as an independent disorder

• Clinical Features

- Loss of motivation
- Emotional indifference
- Reduced goal-directed activities
- Can be associated with cognitive changes
- Patients with primary apathy do *not* complain



Emotionalism / Pathological Crying



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- **Prevalence**

- 40-50% in PD
- Associated with Depressive Disorders, Delirium, side effect of benzodiazepine-type medications

- **Clinical Features**

- Heightened, excessive sentimentality/tears
- Inappropriate, unmotivated, involuntary
- Precipitated by a variety of emotions
- Social embarrassment/phobic avoidance



PD-Psychosis

Hallucinations and Delusions



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- **Prevalence**

- Depends on definition of psychosis, PD, cognitive impairment
- ~8% - 40% report rates
- Over time, symptoms become persistent and progressive

- **Increased Risk**

- Certain PD and other CNS-active meds
- Age
- PD Progression

- **Prognosis**

- Improved with education/awareness, newer antipsychotics
- Major clinical and caregiver challenge

Types of Hallucinations in PD

Minor 'Hallucinations'

- Presence – Vivid sensation
- Passage – Brief visions in peripheral field
- \pm Illusions – sensory distortions

Hallucinations (with/without insight)

- Formed/Complex versus Unformed
- Visual, Auditory, Olfactory, Gustatory, Somatic/Tactile/Cenesthetic



Rates and Types of Hallucinations & Delusions in Treatment-Seeking PD Patients

	Prevalence (n=160 PDP)	
Hallucinations	98%	
Visual		97%
Auditory		48%
Tactile		23%
Olfactory		16%
Delusions	76%	
Stealing		33%
Not my house		29%
Infidelity		29%
Abandonment		26%
Imposter Spouse		20%

US and European Olanzapine trials for PD-Psychosis

Chou KL et al. *Clin Neuropharmacol.* 2005;28:215-219

PD Medication Related Mood Syndromes



- **Early Morning Off (EMO) States** (Rizos, 2014)
 - Anxiety, low mood
 - Urinary urgency, drooling
 - Paresthesias, dizziness

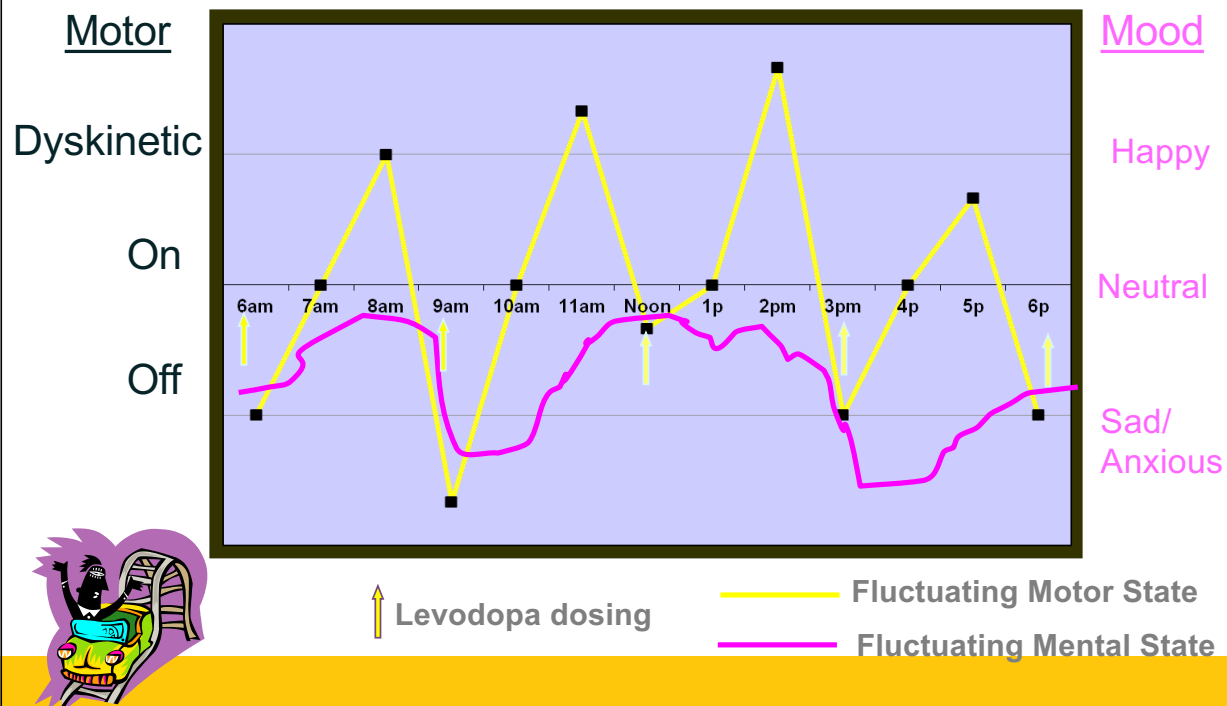
- **Dopamine Agonist Withdrawal Sd (DAWS)** (Rabinak & Nirenberg, 2010)
 - Anxiety, panic attacks
 - Depression, dysphoria
 - Suicidality, agitation, irritability
 - Insomnia, fatigue, dizziness
 - Nausea, diaphoresis, pain
 - Orthostatic hypotension
 - Drug cravings

- **On-Off Motor and Non-Motor Fluctuations** (Racette 2002)

PD-Specific Motor and Mood Fluctuations



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Non-Motor Fluctuations



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Dysautonomic

Drenching sweats, hot sensation, flushing, dry mouth, dyspnea, dysphagia, constipation, distal cold sensations, excessive salivation, urinary urgency, visual complaints, palpitations, bloating, chest pain

Cognitive/Psychiatric

- Slowed thinking, mental hyperactivity, impaired memory, mental emptiness
- Off-Anxiety (81%), Off-depression (63%), On-hypomania (24%), irritability, psychosis

Sensory/Vegetative

Fatigue, akathisia, tightening sensations, tingling, pain

Impulse Control and Behavior Disorders



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Behavior	Prevalence
Pathological Gambling	3-8%
Hypersexuality	2.5%
Pathological Shopping	0.4-1.5%
Punding	1.5-14%
Compulsive Dopaminergic Med Use	3.4-4%

Voon, V. et al. Arch Neurol 2007;64:1089-1096.



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Treatment Approaches and Options

Optimal MH Treatment (VHA or Non-VHA)



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- Emphasizes that MH treatments are *only* effective when pursued!
- Targeted, Individualized, & Collaborative
- Employs Multidisciplinary Interventions
- Uses *multiple* types of Interventions
Pharmacologic & Non-pharmacologic



Case Study



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70-yr Veteran with PD, History of PTSD, Major Depression, and Alcohol Use Disorder (AUD)

New Onset Panic Attacks—Possible Treatment Options

Collaborative: 24-hour diary (0100 to 2400), hourly recordings

- Mood, Anxiety, Sleep, PD, Meds, Circumstances
- Adjust PD meds if non-motor fluctuations, ? DBS candidate

Education/Support to facilitate a healthy med/daily schedule

Behavioral Interventions

- Stop-gap approaches (Breathing, distraction)
- Mindfulness training
- Rehab therapies—OT, PT, Speech Rx

Specific Psychotherapies

- Cognitive Behavior Therapy for anxiety (in-person/virtual)
- PTSD- or Panic disorder specific psychotherapy
- Cognitive bias Modification

Medical/Medications: Add or adjust antidepressant if ++ Depressive symptoms; ?rTMS or ECT; ? AUD treatment

Is your treatment a **MESS**?



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Meds/Medical Education Skills Support

M – Add/Adjust/Optimize/Adhere Medications

- Identify and treat medical conditions, delirium
- Adjust meds causing cognitive/psychiatric problems, motor sx
- Consider other somatic treatments (Psychiatric Meds, DBS, rTMS, ECT)
- No Benzodiazepines, anticholinergic, antihistaminergic

E – Education

- Educational Programs
- Lifestyle Interventions, Home Evaluations

S – Skills

- Psychotherapies
- Rehabilitative Therapies: PT, OT, ST, RT, KT
- Clinic & Home-based Evals and Treatment

S – Social Support, Support Groups

- Support + Exercise + Fun: Singing, Yoga, Dance, Boxing, etc.
- Caregiver Needs: Home Care, Respite, Support

Is your treatment a **MESS**?



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Meds/Medical Education Skills Support

and attentive to

Safety

Falls
Harm to self or others

S – Safety in PD

Suicidal ideation and Suicide Behaviors

- 28% Death ideation
- 11% Suicide Ideation¹
- 4% Lifetime suicide attempt
- 22.7% Suicide/death ideation²
- PD deaths by suicide ~ General population³
- Rates in Veterans not known
- Suicidality associated with Major Depression³

Risk of harm/violence to others

- Increased risk with
- dementia/agitation
 - psychosis

¹Weintraub 2009; ²Kostic 2010; ³Shepard MD et al JNNP 2019

Is your treatment a **MESS**?



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Safety & Suicide Prevention

S – Safety in PD

Advance Safety Planning

- Awareness of distressing triggers, symptoms, thought
 - Identify + internal coping actions to take to reduce symptoms
 - Identify + external coping actions to take to avoid if in crisis

Suicide Prevention Measures

- Time + Distance are on your side
- Ask if concerned, stay with person
- Lethal Means Counseling
 - Use gun locks for routine safety
 - Temporarily remove weapons, other lethal means based on MH status
- +++Treatment of MH conditions
- Psychotherapies specific for suicidality
- Veterans Crisis Line: 1-800-273-8255

No one
can un-fire
a firearm.



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For someone in crisis,
a locked firearm can mean the difference
between a tragic outcome and a life saved.

Watch an informational video and learn more at VeteransCrisisLine.net



1-800-273-8255 **PRESS 1**

To obtain gun locks, email Corey Terhune:
corey.terhune@va.gov

..... Confidential chat at VeteransCrisisLine.net or text to **838255**



Communication with Your Clinical Team

Talking about MH Issues



Mental health, like any other medical condition, impacts overall physical health and well-being

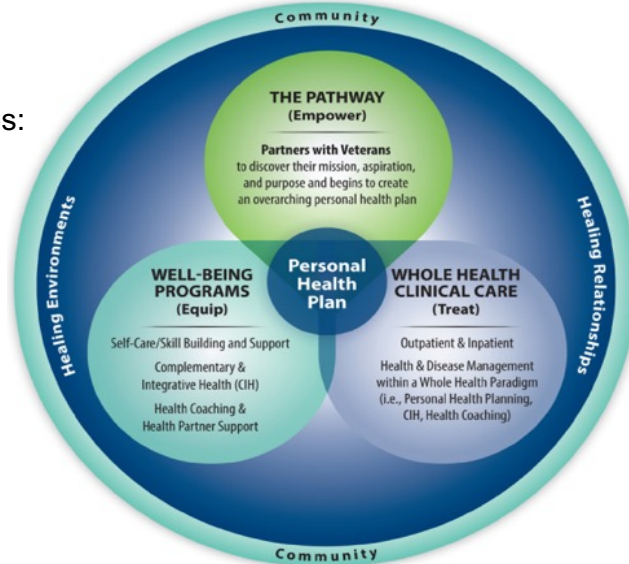
- Clinicians *may not* realize MH issues are important or relevant if you don't bring them up and you don't appear different from usual
- Identify concerns you want to address at an appointment
 - If MH issues are your greatest concern, bring those up first!
 - Call if you experience changes in your MH. Don't wait for an appointment weeks to months away. Many times, there is a quick fix (e.g., urinary tract infections, medication side-effect)
- Best practices involve regular screening for MH symptoms
 - Find out what screening tools are used by your clinical team. If that tool isn't picking up on your problem, make sure the team knows so a different tool can be used to track your targeted issue.
- Tips for starting a conversation about MH issues with your clinical team



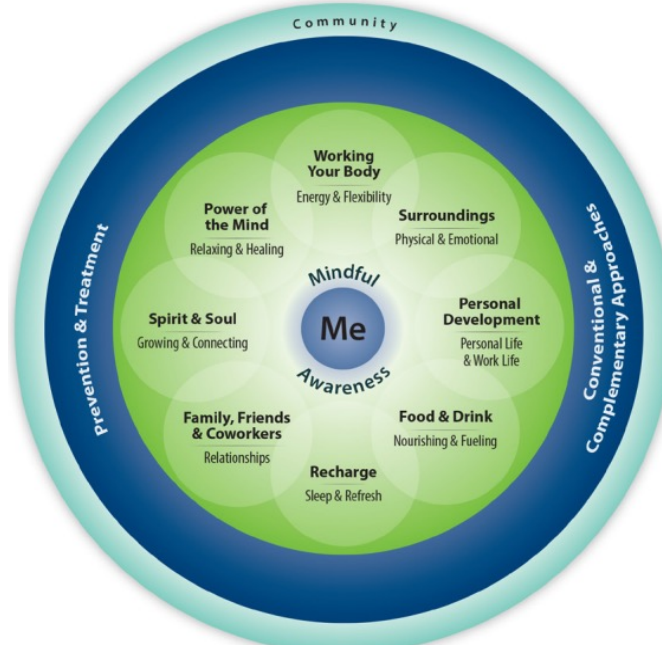
Transforming VA Healthcare Delivery: The Whole Health System of Care

Promote Whole Health Principles focused on patient goals and maximizes:

- Motion/Exercise
- Nutrition
- Sleep
- Spiritual Well-being
- Relationships and other Social Supports



Components of Proactive Health and Well-Being



Summary



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MH conditions and symptoms occur over the course of PD

- Including before PD is diagnosed

Variety of MH conditions, each with distinguishing features

- People with PD may have more than one

MH conditions are treatable

- When treated (many options and approaches), overall experience of PD improves, and people live a better quality of life

VA Mental Health Resources

Uniform Mental Health Services Act



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Outpatient Psychiatric Care and Psychotherapy Services

- Primary Care-Mental Health Integrated Care
- General Mental Health (Specialty MH care)
- Subspecialty programs for Substance Use, PTSD, Serious Mental Illnesses, Geriatric Psychiatry, Neuropsychiatry
- In-person and Virtual treatment
 - Extensive evidence-based psychotherapy options, including for PD

Additional Resources

- Inpatient psychiatric hospitalization
- Vocational Rehabilitation Services
- Homeless & Housing Services
- Chaplain Services
- Palliative Care
- Home-based Primary Care
- Social Work Services
 - Home Assistance
 - Caregiver Support Program

Veteran Service Centers (Vet Centers)



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For Veterans of:

- Combat zones and/or
- Any era who experience sexual trauma while serving active duty

Provide Community-Based Counseling

- Readjustment counseling re military experiences, mild challenges to severe PTSD.
- Bereavement counseling for parents, spouses, children of Armed Forces Personnel/Reservists/National Guard who died in service to our country.
- Individual, group, couples & family counseling.
- Substance abuse assessment and referral.

No 5-Year Eligibility Limit

Care is Coordinated with the VA

- Records are confidential & not directly accessible by VA staff

Question & Answer

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Executive Director, Mental Health Care Line, Michael E. Bakey Veteran Affairs Medical Center
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Amanda Janicke, LCSW

Helpline Information Specialist, Parkinson's Foundation



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Parkinson's Foundation Resources



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National Helpline

Speak with Parkinson's specialists and get help finding local PD healthcare professionals.

1-800-4PD-INFO

Helpline@Parkinson.org

Monday – Friday 9am to 7pm ET

Information for Veterans

Visit Parkinson.org/Veterans to find information and resources specific to the veteran community, like our [FAQ Guide](#).



Fact Sheets and Publications

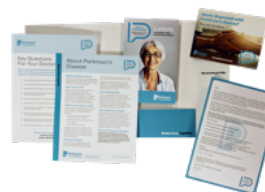
Get the resources and information you need to start living a better life with Parkinson's.

Parkinson.org/PDLibrary

Newly Diagnosed Kit

Designed to help you get started on your journey to living well with PD.

Parkinson.org/NewlyDiagnosed



PDGENERation

Parkinson's Foundation national initiative offering genetic testing for Parkinson's-related genes and counseling at no cost.

Parkinson.org/PDGeneration

Aware in Care Hospital Safety Kit

Includes tools and info for people with PD to share with hospital staff during a planned or emergency hospital stay.

Parkinson.org/AwareInCare



VA Resources



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1-800-273-8255 PRESS 1

Confidential chat at VeteransCrisisLine.net

Or text 838255



Program for families and loved ones of Veterans, helping them encourage the Veteran in their lives to seek support.

Call 888-823-7458



www.MakeTheConnection.net

Online resource featuring hundreds of Veterans telling their stories about overcoming mental health challenges.

PADRECCs and Consortium Centers

parkinsons.va.gov

Mental Health Resources

VeteransCrisisLine.net/ResourceLocator

Whole Health

va.gov/wholehealth

VA Virtual Hope Box App

Homeless Services

va.gov/homeless or 877-4AID-VET

Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD)

ptsd.va.gov

Community Provider Toolkit

mentalhealth.va.gov/communityproviders

VA Suicide Risk Mgmt Consultation Program

Email: SRMconsult@va.gov

Thank you for joining us!



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**Your feedback is important to us.
Please complete our evaluation after
the close of this webinar.**

A recording of today's program, a copy of the slides,
and a list of resources will be emailed to all
registrants within a few days.

For questions, contact Emily Buetow at
ebuetow@parkinson.org